

Breakout session II

CRITERIA FOR SELECTING TARGETS: *Which issues do we set indicators for?*

Note: Equity as an overarching “target” (but raises question of Efficiency and growth as another overarching target; also Governance and Environmental Sustainability)

1. **Security of tenure:** proportion of people in different tenure categories: proposition with documented secure rights; evictions without due process and remedies available
2. **Access to land:** affordability and accessibility of markets; gendered access and access for vulnerable groups; trends in landlessness and land distribution
3. **Land Administration:** effective decentralisation, accessibility, checks and balances on corruption and rent seeking; management of land disputes.
4. **Sustainable land management,** including public land and the commons
5. **Policy and legislative processes**

CRITERIA FOR SELECTING INDICATORS

1. **Are the indicators grounded in policy principles of the framework and associated benchmarks**
2. **Feasibility: indicators which are based on existing and ongoing data sources and easily updated**
3. **Intelligibility – Commonly understood, reasonably simple and simple composite indicators**
4. **Indicators which allow measurement of trends and change: both qualitative changes in policy and processes and changes in conditions and impacts / outcomes on the ground. *Indicators therefore need to be linked to clear benchmarks – both minimum standards and desirable outcomes / good practices in the medium and longer term.***
5. **Comparability: Indicators which are comparable with data collectable in the different member states**
6. **Adequate scope / completeness: coverage of urban and rural, and different forms of tenure (formal property rights; administrative documentation and informal / customary rights) for both groups and individuals**

In country monitoring processes need to incorporate a variety of sources of information, including qualitative information, official survey data and independent research, including case studies which shed light on the national situation

CRITERIA FOR PILOT COUNTRIES

- 1. Regional coverage** (including regional representativeness and language)
- 2. Availability of data: local capacity to collect and process indicator information**
- 3. Presence of a current land reform programme**
- 4. Political buy-in at country level**
- 5. Inclusion of post-conflict countries**

Suggestions:

Uganda
Benin, Niger or Burkina Faso
Mozambique
Tanzania
Namibia or South Africa
Ghana
Rwanda
Madagascar

Note: unclear way forward on North Africa – inclusion and suggestions depend on regional consultation process