

## PART TWO

Objectives, Strategies, Implementation,  
Monitoring, and Reporting



# Objectives and Strategies

## Objectives

75. The overall objective of the framework is to improve development outcomes and governance by strengthening national statistical systems in Africa. The framework includes four specific objectives.

Objective 1: Raise Awareness of the Role of Statistical Information

76. This objective aims to build a society that is statistically literate, thereby supporting demand for development of the national statistical system. Raising awareness aims to increase government demand for, use of, and investment in statistics.

Objective 2: Increase User Satisfaction by Enhancing the Quality and Usability of Statistical Information

77. This objective aims to ensure that data are relevant to user needs, accurate and consistent, and made available to users in a timeframe and form that render them useful and usable; that the quality of statistics is guaranteed by using









Strategy 2: Mainstream Statistics as a Cross-Cutting Sector in the Development Process (Supports Objectives 1 and 3)

**90. In the formulation of the agenda for development at the sub-national and**

- Conferring the power to collect data.
- Setting rules for compliance and statistical confidentiality to ensure that individual records are not accessed by unauthorized individuals or shared with political authorities or regulatory and tax agencies.
- Providing for data dissemination and access.
- Funding of statistical operations.

the development of statistics where general and sectoral statistics are to be provided for.

Strategy 5: Undertake Data Development  
(Supports Objectives 3 and 4)



Strategy 6: Foster Coordination, Collaboration, and Partnerships  
(Supports Objectives 2 and 4)

99.









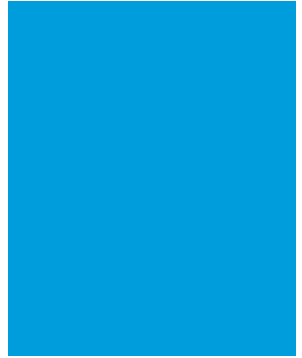




accounts. These publications should be supplemented by placing the data on the national statistical office and line ministry web sites. Compliance with

for resources. It is important that the national statistical systems prepare clear, systematic, and transparent yearly and multi-year work programs to increase the persuasiveness of arguments for adequate funding. It is also important to obtain government support for at least a medium-term (five-year) national

# Implementation, Monitoring and Reporting



126. One of the lessons learned from the Addis Ababa Plan of Action is that a good framework is not all that is needed to achieve statistical development in Africa. Stakeholders have to take actions if the framework is to be implemented, and implementation has to be closely monitored and reported.

## Implementation

12n. Endorsement of the framework by all stakeholders is essential to its success and should be pursued. National stakeholders (principally the Directors

- A strong statistics division, with a staff of 12 professional statisticians, 9 research associates and 4 administrative assistants to manage the activities of ICP-Africa. In addition, consultants are hired on a needs basis to assist the staff.
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**1 . *Annual report.*** The sub-regional organizations will be required to produce reports, which the coordinator at the regional level will consolidate to produce an annual report for the region. If possible, reporting from bilateral and international organizations will be derived from the reporting that is proposed to be submitted to PARIS21, as required by FASDEV. In this case, no additional reporting from these organizations will be required to monitor the RRSF. It is hoped that the coordinator at the regional level will be able to obtain access to the PARIS21 database on an as-needed basis as it is developed or receive directly from the reporting organizations copies of the information they submit to PARIS21. The annual regional report will be distributed to members of ABSA and FASDEV who will make recommendations to implementing agencies.

**1 .**

# Critical Risk Factors and Mitigation Measures

151.





### Table 5.1 Recommendations and Implementing Agencies

☒ : National statistical office (NSO); National statistical council (NSC); Line ministries (LM); Sub-regional organizations (SRO); Regional organizations (RO); Development partners (DP). Implementing agencies are given in shaded cells.



