Chapter 6: Economy-Wide Targets

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Driving Africa's Transition Toward Low-Carbon and Inclusive Growth



Key Global Stocktake Outcomes on Mitigation

- Global emissions must reduce by 43% by 2030 and 60% by 2035 (from 2019 levels).
- Developed countries to lead with absolute emission reduction targets.
- Developing countries encouraged to adopt economy-wide targets aligned with national circumstances.
- Transitioning the energy and transport sectors away from the use of fossil fuels to net zero emission systems in a just, orderly and equitable manner.
- Accelerating the widespread diffusion of zero- and low-emission technologies and removal of subsidies for fossil fuels.



Pros and Cons of Economy Wide Targets

Promote

• Promote absolute and comprehensive emission reductions across all sectors, ensuring balanced low-carbon growth.

Facilitate

 Facilitate alignment of national development plans with climate goals.

Pros

Strengthen

 Strengthen accountability and transparency through unified monitoring, reporting, and verification (MRV) systems.

Encourage

• Encourage investment and innovation in green industries and renewable energy.

Support

• Support regional integration and cooperation under shared climate frameworks.

Require **robust institutional capacity** and highquality data, often limited in developing countries.

May impose **economic constraints** on low-income nations reliant on carbon-intensive sectors.

Challenge of **balancing mitigation and development priorities**, especially food security and poverty reduction.

Dependence on international finance and technology transfer for effective implementation.

Risk of **uneven progress** between countries with varying resources and governance capacities.

Cons

Methodological Framework for NDC Preparation

- Conduct comprehensive assessments of prior NDC implementation and progress.
- Define clear, measurable, time-bound targets with conditional and unconditional components.
- Incorporate conditional ambition triggers linked to access to international climate finance.

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Methodological Framework for NDC Preparation

- Strengthen MRV systems and sectoral baselines to support economy-wide targets
- Integrate mitigation measures into national development plans and budgets.

• Emphasize inclusivity and equitable transition in policy design.

Key Messages to Regional Organisations

Strengthen
 collaboration, knowledge
 sharing and capacity
 building across African
 member states.

 Support development of data systems, emissions modelling, and MRV frameworks.

 Mobilize investment, facilitate technology transfer and private sector participation.

 Promote harmonized regional approaches to NDC implementation and align with just transition and Sus. Dev Principles.