

NDCs 3.0

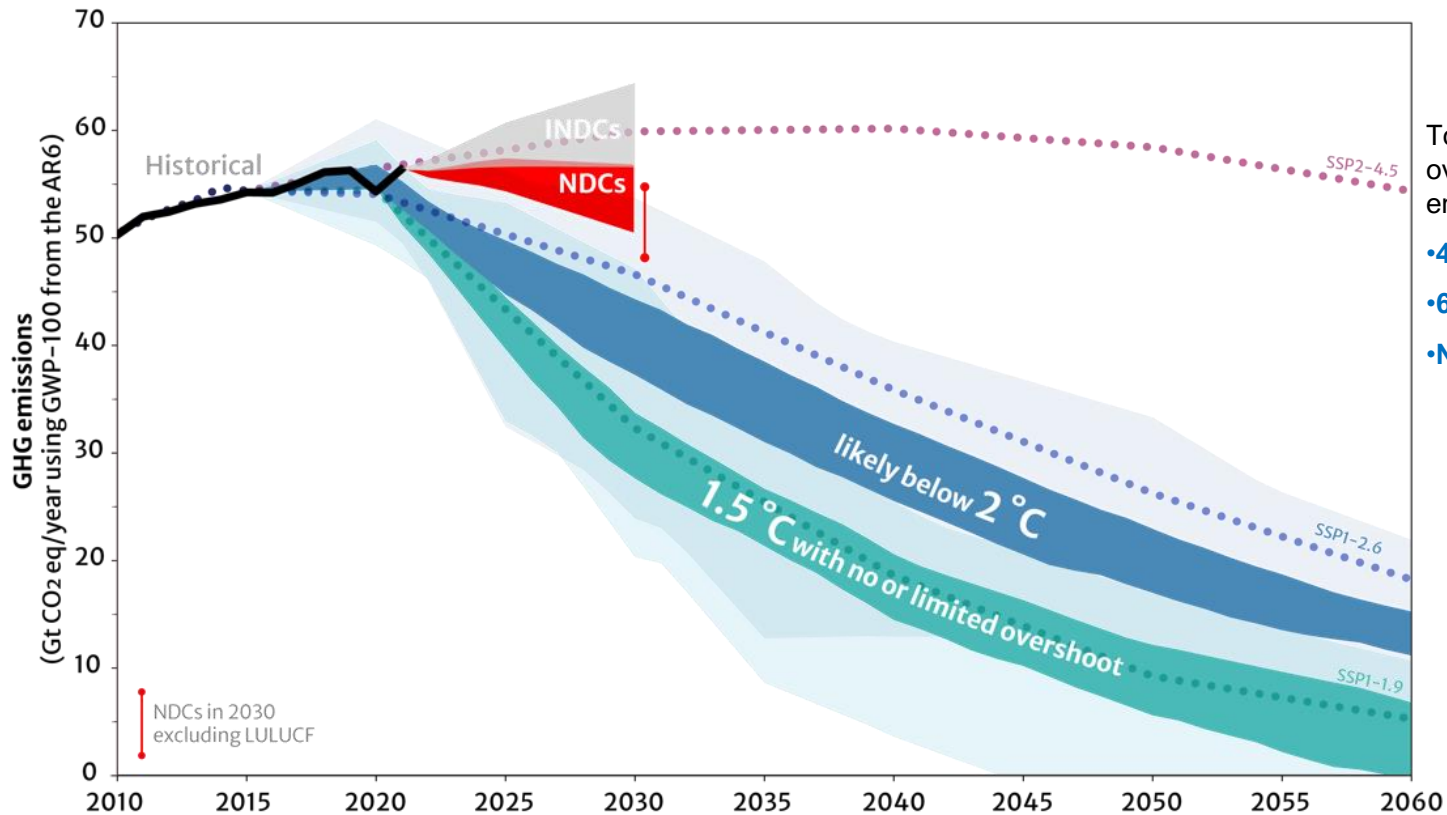
Session IV: Post 2023 GST, how can the new generation of NDCs contribute to progressive climate action?

5th Africa Climate Talks, Addis Ababa

22. April 2024



Comparison with IPCC scenarios

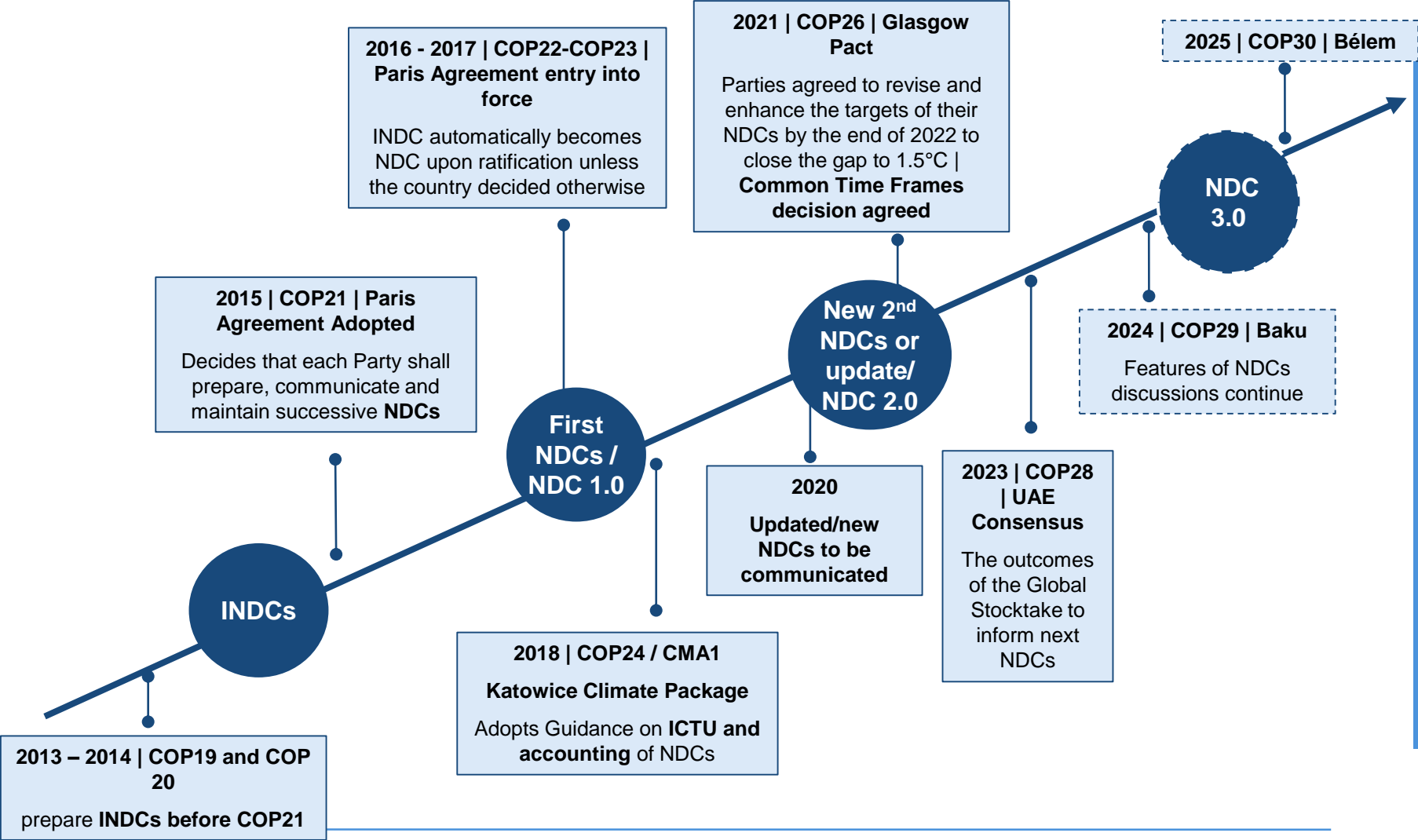


To achieve 1.5 with no or limited overshoot, reductions in GHG emissions of

- 43% by 2030 relative to 2019
- 60% by 2035 relative to 2019
- Net zero CO₂ emissions by 2050



Nationally Determined Contributions – a history – over 10 years of ambition



What

Transition that is just and equitable and leaves no one behind

Creation of quality and decent jobs,
Engagement of broader stakeholders,
Just & sustainable development priorities are supported
Considerations on energy and debt security

Climate resilient future

Reflecting the national realities, strengthening resilience informed by science,
Interlinkage between adaptation and mitigation
Built on Nature-Based solutions

Paris Agreement temperature goal

Aligned with 1.5C,
Aligned with Parties' Long-term development plan and strategies,
Informed by science,
Net zero emissions by or around mid-century

Follow-up on the GST
Mitigation, Adaptation, Finance,
Technology, Capacity-building, L&D, RM
and Cooperation

Unlock ambition on finance
Directing finance towards NDC implementation,
Integrate financing considerations across sectoral approaches and beyond a longer timeframe,
Including financial sector actions, Ambition on international cooperation,
Implementation of arrangements on financing the NDC and translation into investment opportunities,
Provide policy continuity,
Mobilizing Private sector engagement,
Finance flows linked with Long-term plans

International cooperation

Enable engagement in Article 6 mechanisms,
Collaboration for NDC development and implementation, South-South & North-South,

How

Ownership

Encouraging high-level political buy-in and across Ministries,
Involvement of stakeholders relevant to implementation (regional, sub-national, cities and sectors, private sector)
Whole of society approach
Institutional arrangements
Importance of national data and information

Implementation ready

Act as transformation plan, in line with national circumstances –
Backed up by complementary legislation, sectoral transition plan, policy road maps, investment plan,
Rooted in national development plans and linked with SDGs, NAPS, TNAs, NB SAPs, DRR strategies
Linked with work of other relevant conventions and regional/national initiatives

Identify technology and capacity needs
Greater clarity on technology needs, including technology needs assessment and roadmaps;
Enabling technology uptake and identify capacity needs and building capacity

Technically sound

Following UNFCCC decisions, Transparent & accountable,
Apply ICTU guidance, Facilitate use of Article 6, Facilitate reporting under transparency (ETF- BTR, GHG inventory) & tracking progress current NDCs

Support for NDCs 3.0

