

## **Reforms and Innovations to Improve Budget Openness for Sustainable Development**





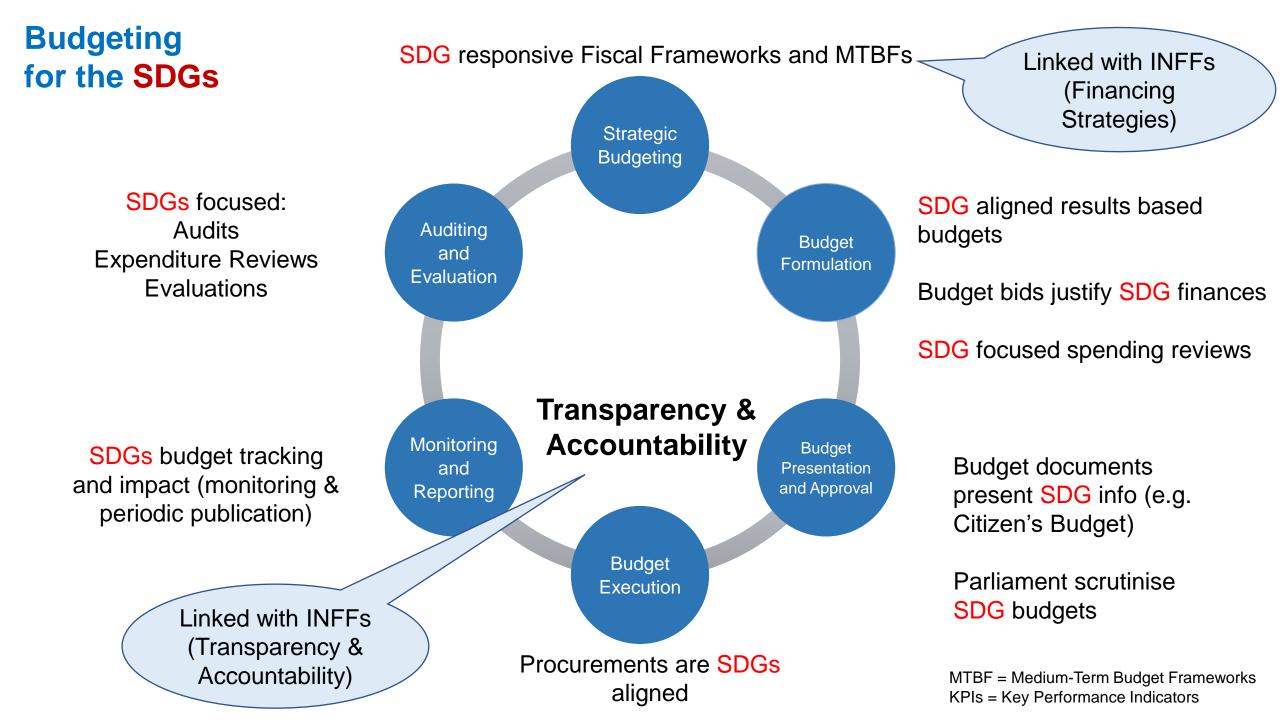


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Côte d'Ivoire

#### **Benin**

Uganda

Ghana



### **Opening budgets in Côte d'Ivoire**

#### Kouakou Constant Joël Yoboué (Social Justice)

#### Context

- 1. Low citizen's **participation** in budgetary policies (Score: 4/100)
- 2. Low budget **transparency** (Score: 47/100)
- 3. Weak **budgetary control** (Score: 41/100)
- 4. Low budget credibility
- 5. Spending on the SDGs not clear

#### Actions

- 1. Citizen's budget development and publication
- 2. Invitation to civil society to participate in **pre-budget workshops**
- Invitation to civil society to participate in evaluating public procurement system (as per public procurements system MAP-II)

These actions have helped Social Justice to:

- Participate in the elaboration of Citizen's Budget
- Set up a platform for monitoring public contracts

#### Impact

- 1. Growing **awareness** of civil society on the importance of monitoring budgetary policy
- 2. Citizen's **ownership** through Citizen's Budget
- 3. Sustainability of budget transparency reforms by Ministry of Finance
- 4. Improved **accessibility** of key budgetary information









MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉCONOMIE ET DES FINANCES

RÉPUBLIQUE DU BÉNIN

# Fundamentals of budget openness in Benin

#### Arnold Kounake (Directorate General of Budget)

#### Context

- **1. Organic Budget Law** n°2013-14: Strengthening information to citizens, and increasing public involvement in the budgetary process
- **2. Decree No. 2015-035** of 2015 on the code of transparency in public finance management:

Taxpayers and users of public services shall be clearly, regularly and fully informed of all matters relating to the governance and management of public funds

The press, social partners and all civil society actors are encouraged to participate in the dissemination of information and in the public debate on governance and public finance management.

#### Actions

- 1. Program based budgeting
- 2. Gender responsive budgeting
- 3. Budget literacy missions for school children/students in the communes
- 4. Organisation of periodic fairs on budget transparency
- 5. Innovative public participation mechanism called BOUSPROB
- 6. Budget transparency in local authorities
- 7. Improved budget information (debts, public entities, off budget etc.)

#### Actions (contd...)

- 8. Strengthening collaboration with civil society: training, exchange and sharing sessions
- 9. Videos in French and in national languages on the budget
- 10. Design and publication of **brochures** such as: "Focus on socially sensitive actions", "Catalogue of flagship actions in the education sector", "Children's issues at the heart of the state budget";
- **11. Comic book** entitled "At the school of the state budget".

#### Impact

- Improved budget transparency: Survey score increased from 49 in 2019 to 65 in 2021: 1<sup>st</sup> in West Africa
- 2. Improved **public participation** in the budget: Survey score increased from 24 to 28
- 3. Budgetary control enhanced



## **Opening budgets in Benin**

#### Alexis Aïzonou (Social Watch)

#### Context



#### Sustainable Development Report, 2022:

Key priorities: Poverty, education, health, reduced inequalities, gender, clean water and sanitation, clean and affordable energy, peace, justice & effective institutions, sustainable cities and communities

#### Actions

- **1. WAEMU directives on public finance:** information on the State's assets, expenditure effieciency, timely provision of information
- 2. Program based budgeting from 2022
- 3. Public hearings prior to the vote on the State Budget
- 4. Budget Transparency Improvement Unit in MoF
- 5. Consultative Group on accelerating budget transparency
- 6. budgetbenin.org
- 7. Fair on budget transparency

#### Impacts

- The government and civil society are in the process of training a new generation of Beninese men and women who are more demanding of their leaders because the resources used must be justified to the nearest franc (limiting corruption)
- 2. Budget **transparency** has improved over the years (Score: 65/100)
- **3. Improvement of the allocation of budgetary resources** towards the investments planned in public policies, including the achievement of the SDGs









Government and Civil Society working together to sustain Open Budgets in Uganda

Josephine Nakitto (Ministry of Finance Planning and Economic Development)

#### Context

Open Budget scores:

2017: Scored 60/100 substantially higher than the global average score of 42

2019: Uganda scored 58/100, **second position in Africa continent** and best in East African region

2021: Uganda scored **58/100** which was a result of untimely provision of the budget online

#### Actions

- Instituted mechanisms to engage CSOs & public in budget formulation process
- 2. Actively engage with vulnerable and under-represented communities directly or through CSOs
- 3. Strengthened **participation** mechanisms with feedback to CSOs and citizens on their contributions in national budget
- 4. CSOs participate in the Budget process through the National and Regional Budget conferences among others

#### Impact

- Improved engagement with citizens & CSOs in budget process through the National Budget Month
- 2. Pilot mechanisms for citizens and executive officials to exchange views on national budget matters during its formulation
- Increased availability of online budget information through Citizen's guide to the Budget
- 4. Improved comparisons between **planned outcomes and actual results** in the Year-End Report









## **Open Budgets in Uganda**

Julius Kapwepwe Uganda Debt Network

#### What makes us win?



#### What makes Uganda Open Budget Survey win?



#### Uganda Open Budget Survey So what? What next?

- More citizens' participation and increased footprint of civic actions / civic awakening
- **2. A source of learning:** how Uganda does "budget business" government, media, people
- **3. Holding government to account:** capacities of citizens to own and influence their development priorities across different tiers
- **4. Decentralisation in Uganda**: Could we look at sub-national Open Budget Survey?





MINISTRY OF FINANCE

## Improving budget credibility for SDGs in Ghana

Nana Yaw Minta Botwe (Ministry of Finance)

#### Context

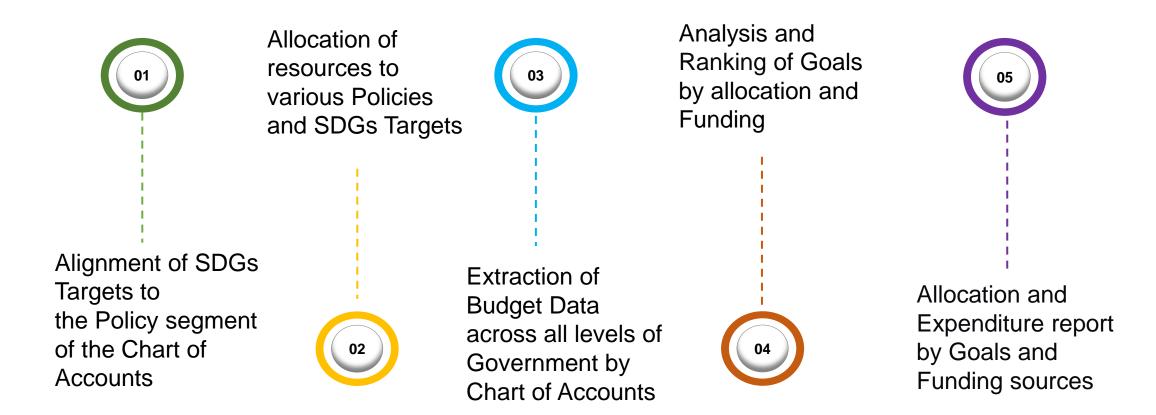
- In 2018, SDGs were made part of the National Chart of Accounts
- Aims: inform policy making, increase transparency and accountability towards the public, have data-based arguments about national priorities
- Public Finance Management regulations, 2019: Required regular update of National Chart of Accounts to reflect emerging needs including changes in Government Policy direction and operation

### Actions

- Policy Objectives were added as an element in the National Chart of Accounts
- Three layer linkage:
  - Key Focus Area
  - Policy Objective
  - SDG Targets

Segment	Description	Size
1	Institution	3
2	Funding	5
3	Functions of Govt.	5
4	Organization	10
5	Policy Objectives	6
6	Prog/Sub Program	8
7	Project	7
8	<b>Operation /Activity</b>	6
9	Location	7
10	Spare 1	6
11	Spare2	4
12	Natural Account	7
	Total	74

#### **SDG Budget Methodology**



#### Result

Through this system, Ghana has been publishing SDG Budget Reports



#### Lessons

- Financing reaching the sub-national level inadequate
- Budget accountability requires government to combine financial and performance information in budget documents, instead of presenting them separately
- Private sector and development partners have additional information which goals require additional funding and which Ministries require financial / technical assistance to accelerate SDGs



