TOWARDS AN INTEGRATED IMPLEMENTATION OF VGGT AND F&G IN AFRICA

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1. PROJECT OVERVIEW:

Organised along two geographic scales:

1. **The Pan-Africa level:** Promoting an Integrated Implementation of the VGGT and F&G.

2. **The Transversal level:** Providing support to 10 African Countries in the implementation of the VGGT and F&G and land governance in Africa.
2. MAIN OBJECTIVE:

To improve governance of tenure in Africa by supporting the consolidation of the VGGT and F&G and enhancing their joint implementation at both Pan-African and 10 selected 10 African countries as key land tools accepted globally and regionally.
3. RELEVANCE:
Why an integrated implementation of the VGGT and F&G in Africa?

- Many of the principles in these 2 instruments address issues that are fundamental elements in improving land policy and land governance.
- Both Guidelines are being mainstreamed into policy, legal and institutional processes through awareness raising, capacity development, technical facilitation, strengthening partnerships, and M&E framework.
The institutional strength and political legitimacy of the LPI and the strong on-going partnership between LPI and FAO on Land Tenure Governance call for a coherent and integrated implementation of both Instruments.
4. The Pan-Africa Component of the Project: “Promoting an Integrated Implementation of the VGGT and F&G”.

The main objective is to improve land tenure governance in Africa by fostering political leadership and political will at highest level, in coherence with VGGT and F&G.

**MAIN FOCUS:**

- Making sure that VGGT and F&G are on the agenda of high level meetings at continental and regional levels.
Introducing strong advocacy and communication mechanisms targeting policy makers and leaders at continental and regional levels to infuse key principles of the VGGT and F&G for them to be able to initiate and support development and implementation of policies and laws.

Mainstreaming land tenure governance in strategies and programs of Continental and Regional Bodies (NEPAD/CAADP and RECs) in coherence with the VGGT and F&G.
BROAD ACTION POINTS

- Awareness Raising and Advocacy
- E-learning
- Strengthening Partnerships
- Capacity Development tools
- Technical guides
- Learning programmes
- Support to countries
- Monitoring and Evaluation
Key Activities:

- Roadmap for an integrated implementation of the VGGT and F&G
- Awareness Raising, Advocacy and Communication
- Capacity Development Tools: Modules for trainings, Technical guides; e-learning programmes, Lessons learnt exchanges
- Mainstreaming VGGT and F&G into strategies and programmes of Continental and Regional Organisations
- Monitoring and Evaluation
THE TRANSVERSAL LEVEL
WHAT IS THE TRANSVERSAL SUPPORT ABOUT?

- Direct support by the EU to national partners in 10 countries in the implementation of the VGGT, in the context of the F & G.

- The transversal support is in the areas of capacity development, knowledge sharing and M & E and takes into account specific country contexts and priorities.

- Lessons learned and experiences shared from the ten in-country projects will support and enhance land governance at the Pan-African level.
OUTPUTS

- Support to capacity development on governance of tenure and land policies in Africa
- Ad hoc support for the start-up of the 10 In country projects
- Support to the 10 In-country Projects, strengthening partnerships and exchanges
- Support to Transversal & Pan-African levels in Overall Action communication
- Transversal meetings
KEY ACTIVITIES

- Lesson learnt exchanges
- Tools for dissemination at national workshops
- Support to design of M&E systems in the 10 countries
- Web-based knowledge management platform
- Capitalization meetings for the 10 countries
WHICH ARE THE TEN COUNTRIES?

- Angola
- Burundi
- Cote d’Ivoire
- Ethiopia
- Kenya
- Malawi
- Niger
- Somalia
- South Sudan
- Swaziland
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION.

http://www.fao.org/nr/tenure
http://www.uneca.org/lpi
Discussion around the following questions:

- What are the similarities and dissimilarities of the VGGT and F&G that call for joint and integrated implementation for complementarity?
- What would be the best way to interact to make changes in Pan-Africa?
- Who should we engage with at continental, regional and national levels to make positive change?
- At what level should the implementation be rolled out and with what tools (political advocacy, lobbying, awareness raising / capacity development / training / knowledge management / etc)?
- What are the most appropriate mechanisms to achieve the priorities listed with the previous questions?